

Workstation Cleaning Instructions

Tested and Approved Cleaning Agents

- ✓ Quaternary ammonium compound
- ✓ Bleach Solution (generic)
- ✓ * Alcohol Solution (91% isopropyl: Avoid Use on Base)
- ✓ Hydrogen Peroxide
- ✓ Sani-Cloth® Plus Wipes
- ✓ Super Sani-Cloth® Wipes

ANTIMICROBIAL TREATMENTS:

Based on recent studies, regular cleaning with tested cleaning agents has proven to be more effective than the use of antimicrobial treatments. Studies have shown that antimicrobial treatments can lead to antibiotic resistant bacteria. Therefore we endorse regular cleaning of our products with approved cleaning agents over the use of antimicrobial treatments.

CLEANING BEST PRACTICES

Nonabrasive cleaners or mild cleaning solutions should be used. As a precaution, we recommend testing the suitability of a cleaning product by applying to an inconspicuous area, minimizing the time of exposure and the amount of cleaning agent used, dilute as recommended by the supplier, to prevent any damage to the surface.

- Contamination by intensely colored substances such as: coffee, iodine, or dyes, must be removed immediately.
- The Power System should be inspected bi-annually to ensure vent holes and pan guard are free of dust and debris.
- All paints and plastic cart components will withstand cleaning by most commonly used diluted nonabrasive solutions such as: quaternary ammonia compounds, or bleach.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

The preceding recommendations should not be construed to guarantee infection control. The hospital infection control administrator should be consulted regarding cleaning procedures and processes. *In some cases, alcohol will strip paint stampings like custom branding and graphics,

PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not use steel wool or other abrasive cleaners, solvents, polishes, waxes or steam cleaning tools that will damage the surface finish.
- Do not use strong solvents such as trichloroethylene and acetone; these materials will damage the surface finish. Caution should be used in the application of cleaning agents containing Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether including: CaviWipes™, 409® Cleaner, Windex® and ammonia cleaners which have been shown to cause increased brittleness in PC/ABS components over time.
- We do not recommend the use of Zymit® Enzyme Cleaner, Virex® 256, or Micro-90®.
- To avoid risk of electric shock, do not expose electrical components to water, cleaning solutions or other potentially corrosive liquids or substances.
- Do not immerse the cart or cart components in liquid or allow liquids to flow into the cart. Wipe cleaners off surface immediately using a damp cloth. Thoroughly dry surface after cleaning.
- Do not use flammable cleaners on cart surfaces due to proximity of electrical power and equipment.

FAQ:

DOES THE USE OF UV ROBOTS CAUSE DAMAGE TO OUR EQUIPMENT?

UVC blasts should have no adverse effects on the structural integrity of our products. However, some plastics over time with continued exposure to UVC may develop a very slight discoloration. Please follow the official cleaning guidelines that you receive from your UVC cleaning device company to limit discoloration.

1. Findings based on multiple sources; a full list of original reference documentation is available upon request.